

CODE: RSC/1/4  
COMMITTEE: Reformed Security Council  
TOPIC: Women and Peace and Security

1 *The Reformed Security Council,*

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3 *Mindful* of the importance of the inclusion of all members of society in order to foster  
4 lasting growth as recognized in S/RES/2122,

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6 *Recalling* the work of the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination  
7 Against Women (CEDAW) and Security Council Resolutions 1820, which reaffirms the  
8 important role of women in the prevention and resolution of conflicts and peacebuilding  
9 and stresses the importance of their equal participation and full involvement in all efforts  
10 for maintenance and promotion of peace and security and the need to increase their role  
11 in decision making with regard to conflict prevention and resolution.1888, which  
12 recognizes the promotion and empowerment of women and that support for women's  
13 organizations and networks are essential in the consolidation of peace, 2106, which notes  
14 the disproportionate amount of violence against women in conflict and post-conflict  
15 situations, and 2122, which emphasizes the empowerment of women and the need for  
16 gender equality,

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18 *Commending* the efforts of organizations such as Girl Up, Lesotho's Child and Gender  
19 Protection Unit, and the Forum for Women and Development (FOKUS), in their efforts  
20 to further gender protection and equality,

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22 *Conscious of* the barriers faced by women in the participation and development of civil  
23 society and its institutions as demonstrated by the World Bank's global participation rate  
24 of women in national-level politics being 20 percent on average, and much lower in  
25 developing countries,

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27 *Commending* the large impact women have already played in economic and social  
28 development as shown through the United Nations Development Fund for Women  
29 (UNIFEM) with the Gender Responsive Budgeting Program,

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31 *Reaffirming* the importance of women's equal participation and full involvement in all  
32 efforts to ensure international peace and security, in Security Council Resolution 1325,  
33 and the Taskforce on Women, Peace, and Security's role to monitor the implementation  
34 of Security Council Resolution 1325 and strengthen existing partnerships to build closer  
35 linkages to achieve enhanced collaboration on women, peace and security,

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37 *Recognizing* the importance of promoting gender equality as outlined in the third  
38 Millennium Development Goal (MDG) especially promoting their equal involvement in  
39 peace and security processes,

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41 *Noting with satisfaction* the work of the Fund for the Gender Equality within UN Women  
42 in trying to combat the structural inequalities that build gender inequality, while enabling  
43 women's participation and representation,

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45 *Recalling* the data from statistics of Inter-Parliamentary Union, “Women in Politics:  
46 2014,” which shows that only 21.8 per cent of national parliamentarians were female on 1  
47 July 2014, and only 10.5 per cent had increased since 1995,  
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- 49 1. *Calls upon* Member States to sign and ratify CEDAW and other relevant international  
50 agreements;  
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- 52 2. *Calls for the* continuation of the Task Force on Women, Peace and Security’s role in  
53 implementing A/Res 1325 and requests monitoring and reporting under the Secretary  
54 General of the United Nations systems joint response to women, peace and security,  
55 in partnership with Member States, regional organizations and non-governmental  
56 organizations, which would involve:  
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  - 58 a. quarterly reports on the status of a peacekeeping operations’ impact on women;
  - 59 b. regional governmental cooperation with the Secretary General in terms of  
60 reporting misconduct of peacekeepers;
  - 61 c. increased accountability of regional UN operations in the reporting of  
62 peacekeeper misconduct;  
63
- 64 3. *Urges* member states to deploy advisors to provide information and advice on gender-  
65 issues in peacekeeping operations who will:  
66
  - 67 a. consult on post-conflict development in order to protect the rights of women;
  - 68 b. prevent the exploitation of women in post-conflict situations,
  - 69 c. engage in the development of institutions that encourage gender equality, such as:  
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    - 71 i. The United Nations Peacebuilding Commission, which brings together  
72 relevant actors, marshals resources, and highlights gaps in national policies  
73 that threaten to undermine peace;
    - 74 ii. The United Nations Operation in Cote d’Ivoire, which aims to contribute to  
75 the promotion and protection of human rights in Cote d’Ivoire, with special  
76 focus on women and children;
    - 77 iii. The United Nations Development Programme, which aims to integrate gender  
78 equality and women’s empowerment in crisis prevention;  
79
- 80 4. *Endorses* the inclusion of women in leadership roles, specifically in peace and  
81 security processes, to increase gender equality through:  
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  - 83 a. public and private partnerships with women, businesses, and the private sector in  
84 accordance with the Equal Futures Partnership to further enhance women’s role  
85 politically and economically;
  - 86 b. the implementation of gender-equality promoting programs such as  
87 Mozambique’s Men in the Kitchen initiative, which engages men and boys in  
88 thoughtful discussions and workshops in gender equality;